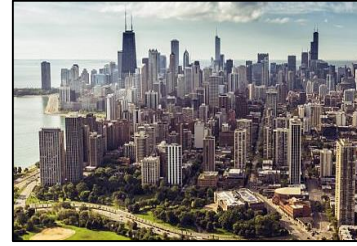


## Year 2: Local – Rural and Urban Locations – REMAT Knowledge Organiser

### VOCABULARY

<b>coast</b>	This is the place where the land meets the sea or ocean. It is sometimes called the coastline.
<b>countryside</b>	This is the natural landscape of a rural area.
<b>human impact</b>	This refers to the changes that humans make to the places.
<b>landmark</b>	This is something (e.g. a building, a large tree, a statue) that is easy to see and can help a person find the way to a place near it.
<b>land use</b>	This refers to the way that land is used by people. Land can be used for housing, farming, recreation, transport and business.
<b>population</b>	This is the number of people who live in a place.
<b>transportation</b>	This is the way people or goods are carried from one place to another.
<b>rural</b>	This word is used to describe a natural, countryside location.
<b>urban</b>	This word is used to describe a built-up location such as a town or city.
<b>settlement</b>	This is a place where people live. It can also refer to the community of people who live in a place.
<b>village</b>	This is a small human settlement. It is smaller than a town.
<b>town</b>	This is a medium-sized human settlement that is smaller than a city but larger than a village.
<b>city</b>	This is a large human settlement. The houses and buildings are spread over a vast area of land and the population is very large.



city



town



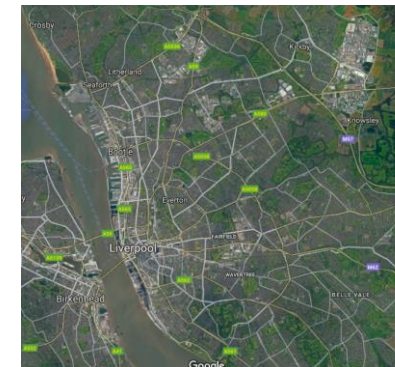
village



countryside



Look at the ways land has been used in the image above.



An aerial view of Liverpool



A map showing the same area of Liverpool